



# SINTOMA'25

8 A 10 DE MAIO | HOTEL INTERCONTINENTAL | SÃO PAULO

PARCERIA



APOIO  
INSTITUCIONAL





# **What do I consider when deciding on second-line therapy in mantle cell lymphoma?**

O que considero quando decido sobre a terapia de  
segunda linha no linfoma do manto?

**DANIELLE LEÃO**

Hematologista e Pesquisadora Clínica

BP – A Beneficência Portuguesa de SP

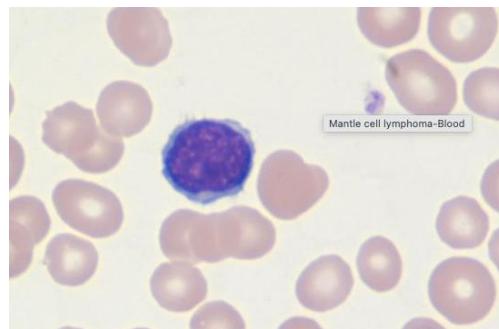
CROMA Oncologia

# DISCLOSURES - DECLARAÇÃO DE CONFLITOS DE INTERESSE

<u>Patrocínio para esse evento</u>	Sem fee / Patrocínio da AstraZeneca para SINTOMA 2025
<u>Instituição</u>	BP - Beneficencia Portuguesa de Sao Paulo e CROMA Oncologia
<u>Participação em estudos clínicos (Indústria farmacêutica )</u>	Roche, Novartis, GSK, Janssen, Millenium Takeda, ABBVIE, Daichii Sankyo, Pfizer, Celltrion, BMS, AstraZeneca, Viracta, Sandoz, AGIOS, Astellas, MEDAC, Onconova, MSD, Sanofi, Regeneron, Lilly, ADC Therapeutics, Libbs, Beigene
<u>Participação em estudos clínicos (ITT, RWE ou registros)</u>	T-Cell Project, HOLA registry, MMyBrave registry, REALITY WW, , Brazilian Group of CLL, Brazilian Group of Multiple myeloma, AML-Brazil, Coalizão COVID Brazil,
<u>Palestrante</u>	Janssen, AstraZeneca, Zodiac, Roche, Novartis, Takeda, AMGEN, Roche, Libbs, BMS, Celgene, Pfizer, ABBVIE, Sanofi, Pintfarma, Knight Therapeutics/United Medical
<u>Membro de Advisory Board</u>	Kite/Gilead, Knight Therapeutics/United Medical, Janssen, Novartis, AMGEM, Takeda, Roche, BMS, ABBVIE, Libbs, Celgene, Eurofarma,
<u>Membro de Steering Committee</u>	Janssen
<u>Membro de Independent Data Monitoring Committee</u>	Libbs /Mabxience
<u>Afiliação</u>	ASH, EHA, ESO, IMS, CDCN (Castleman disease), ABHH (Associaçao Brasileira de Hematologia), Coordinator of Clinical Research Committee at ABHH, Myeloma Committee (ABHH), CLL Committee (ABHH), Lymphoma Committee (ABHH)

# Dr. Karl Lennert

# Department of Pathology of the Christian-Albrechts University in Kiel



## *Blood Images, 2018*

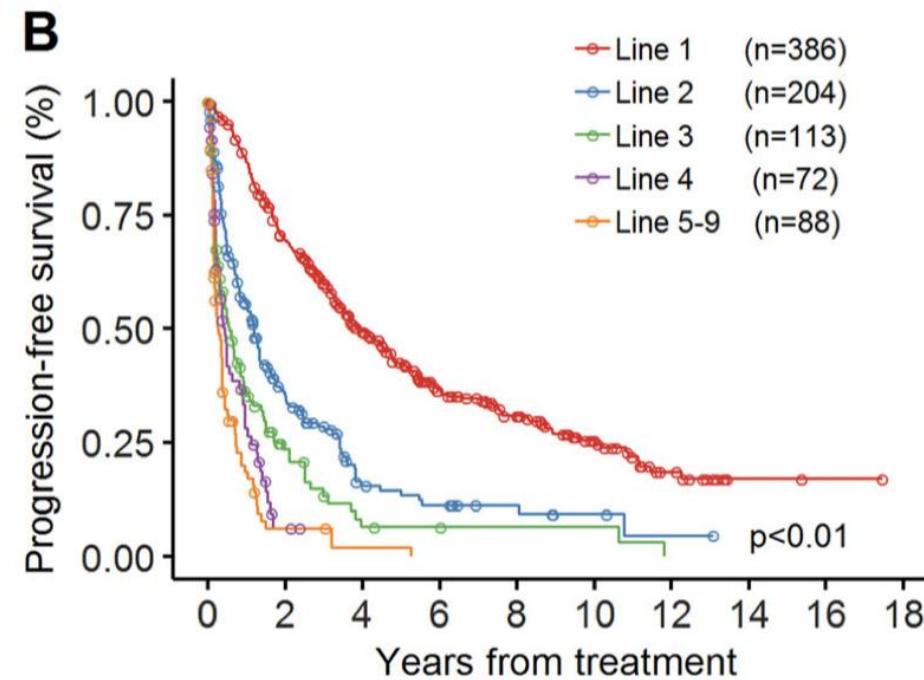
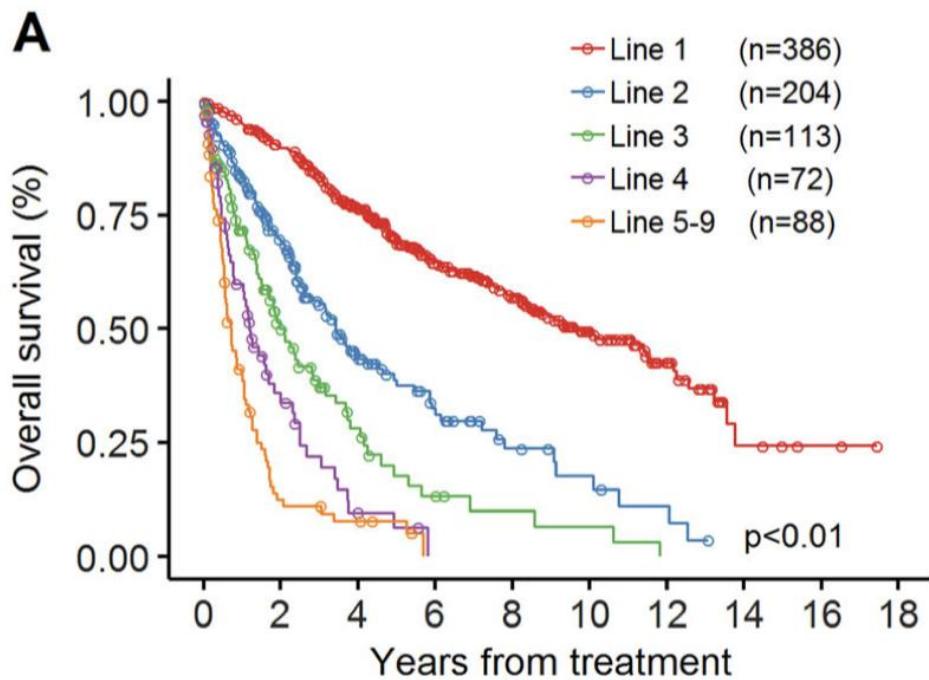
**Biological concept:**  
B-cell and T-cell lymphoma      **Biological concept:**  
aggressive and indolent      **Biological concept:**  
„cell of origin“

1974

## MANTLE CELL LYMPHOMA

*“Virtually all patients will eventually experience refractory or relapsed disease, with a virulent course of resistance and serial relapses, making treatment challenging”*

# MCL SURVIVAL – LINES OF THERAPY



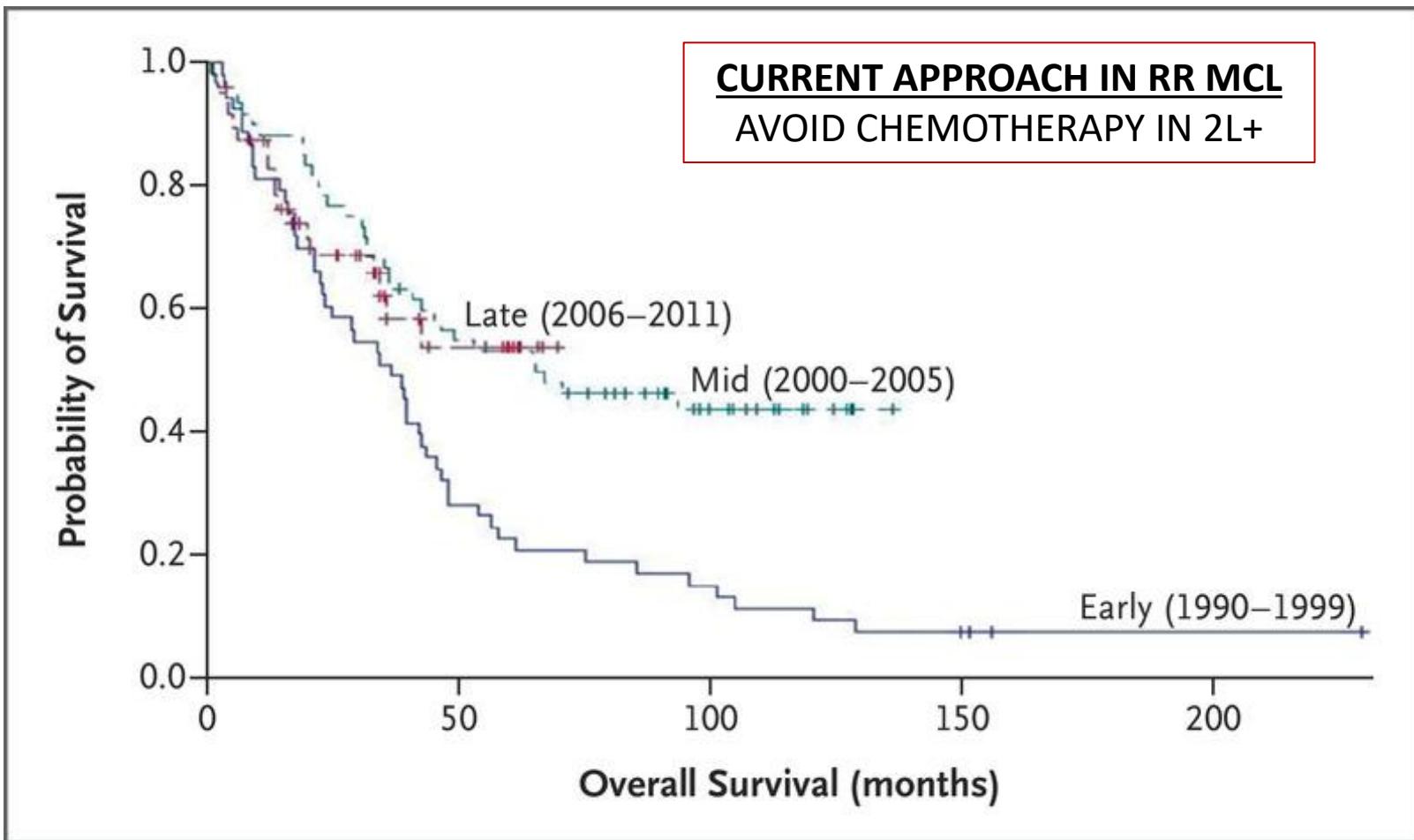
Number at risk

386	329	242	142	101	53	28	5	2	0
204	111	45	23	11	6	3	0	0	0
113	38	15	6	3	2	0	0	0	0
72	16	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Number at risk

386	254	155	86	60	31	13	2	1	0
204	55	16	11	6	3	1	0	0	0
113	17	4	3	2	2	0	0	0	0
72	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
88	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# IMPROVEMENT IN MCL SURVIVAL WITH NEW DRUGS



# NEW DRUGS - ON LABEL IN BRAZIL - 2L+

## 2+ lines

### MONOTHERAPY

#### -COVALENT BTKi

- 1st generation – ibrutinib
- 2nd generation – acalabrutinib, zanubrutinib

### NEW DRUGS ASSOCIATION

#### - BTKi + BCL2i

Ibrutinib + venetoclax (SYMPATICO)

## 3+ lines

### MONOTHERAPY

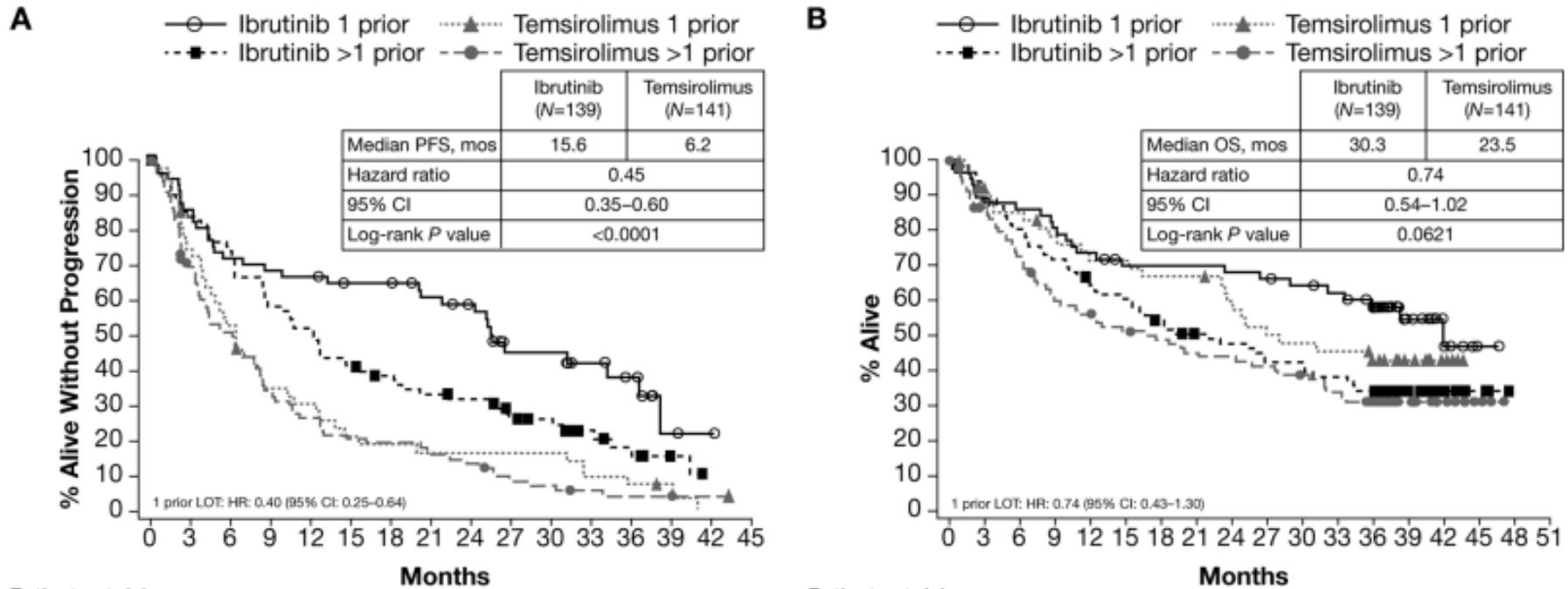
#### - BTKi

Pirtobrutinib (label – after 2+ lines of therapy and a covalente BTKi

*OBS- Not in the scope of the lecture, but, in fit patients  
ALWAYS consider/ discuss alloSCT  
(debatable - Auto SCT if the only option  
and not previously done)*

**IT IS NOT CLL!! (unfortunately.....😊)**

# Ibrutinib – estudo RAY



## RESUMO CARACT. PACIENTES

- Med 68 anos ( $\geq 65$  anos 62%)
- Med 2 linhas prévias (1-9)
- Dc refratária 26% Ibrut vs 33% Tensir
- Blastoide 12%

Leukemia 2018;32:1799-1803

## Real-World Experience of Ibrutinib In > 700 Patients With Mantle-Cell Lymphoma: Data From a Global Named Patient Program

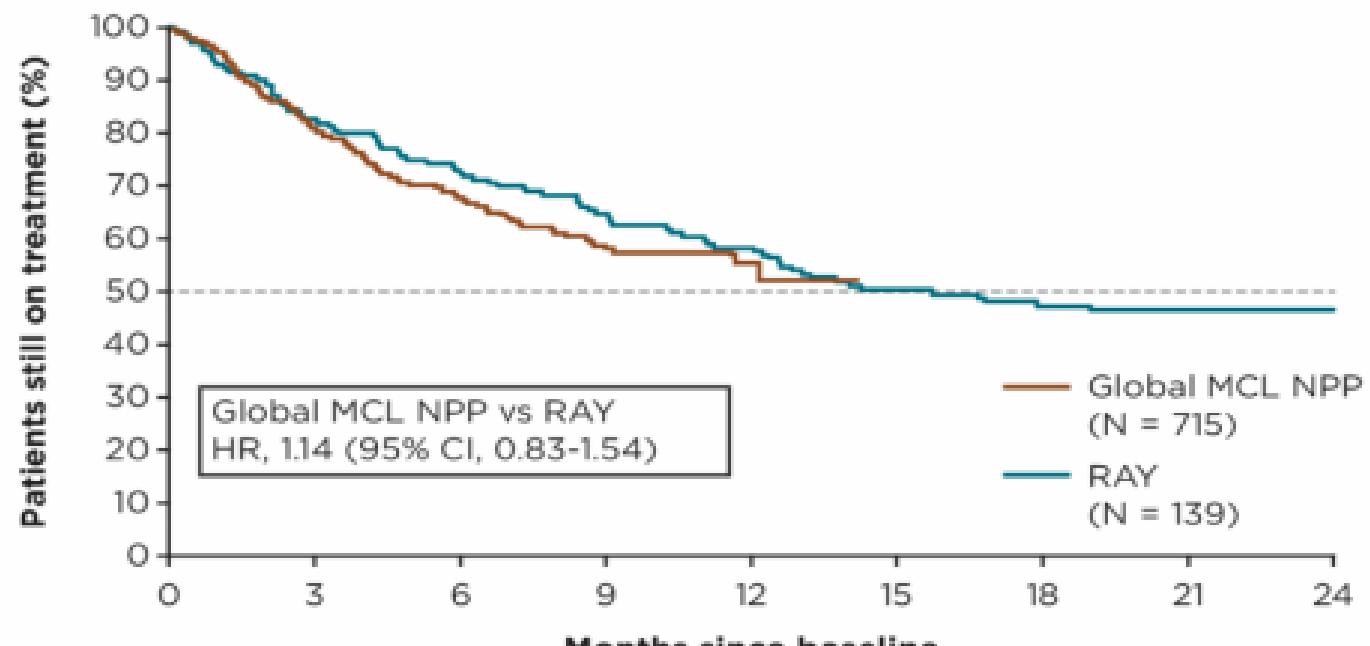
Simon Rule,<sup>1</sup> Joris Diels,<sup>2</sup> Nollaig Healy,<sup>3</sup> Wafae Iraqi,<sup>4</sup> Johan Aschan,<sup>5</sup> and Mark Wildgust<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Derriford Hospital, Plymouth, UK; <sup>2</sup>Janssen EU ADMAR Statistics & Modeling, Deinze, Belgium; <sup>3</sup>Janssen-Cilag EMEA Medical Affairs, Dublin, Ireland;

<sup>4</sup>Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Paris, France; <sup>5</sup>Janssen-Cilag EMEA Medical Affairs, Solna, Sweden; <sup>6</sup>Janssen Research & Development, Raritan, NJ, USA

- 52,3% em tratamento p/ 12 meses
- RAY – 57,6%

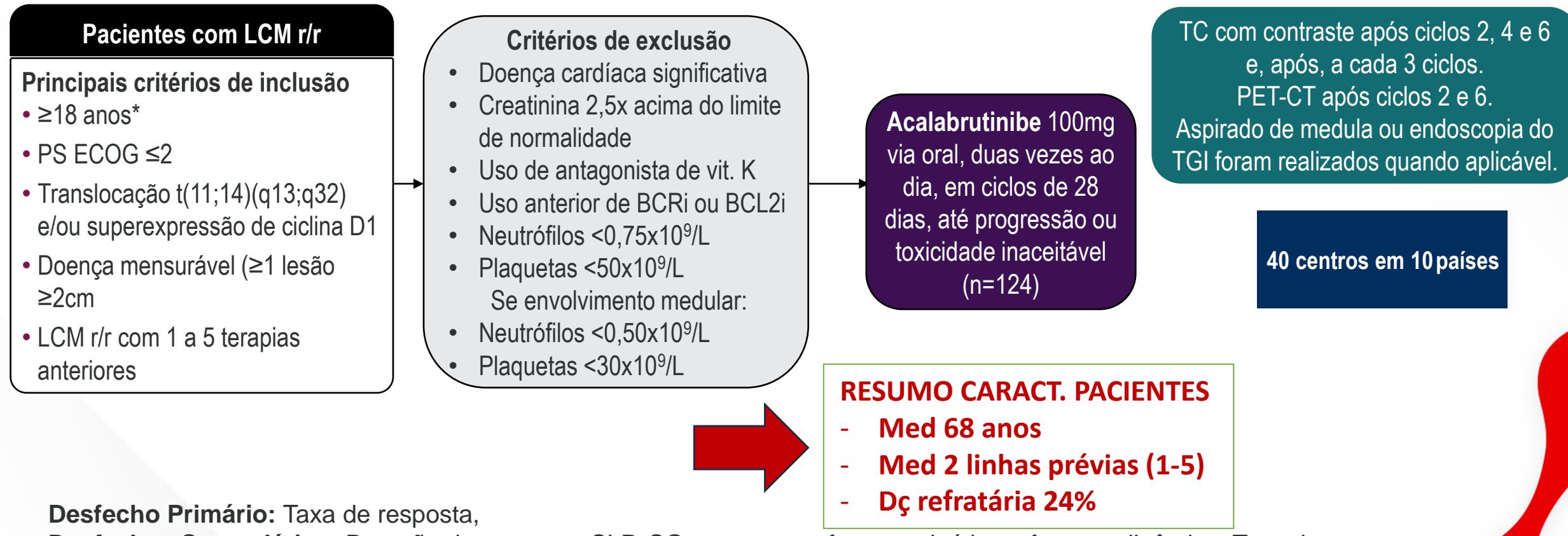
**Figure 1. Time on Treatment for Global MCL NPP Versus RAY**



HR, hazard ratio.

# Acalabrutinib – ACE-LY-004

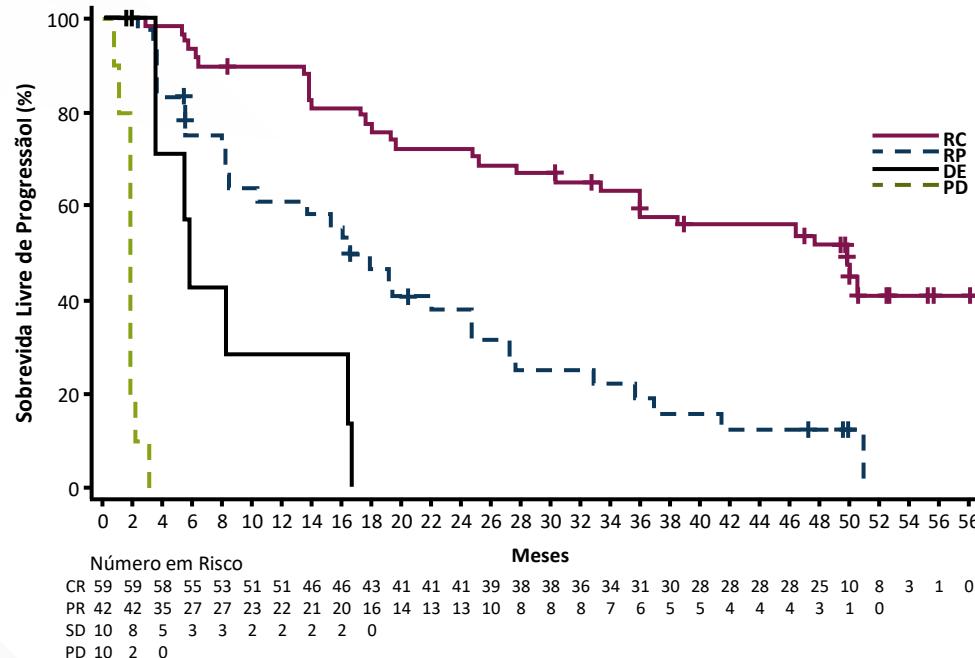
## Estudo aberto, de fase 2, braço único, multicêntrico



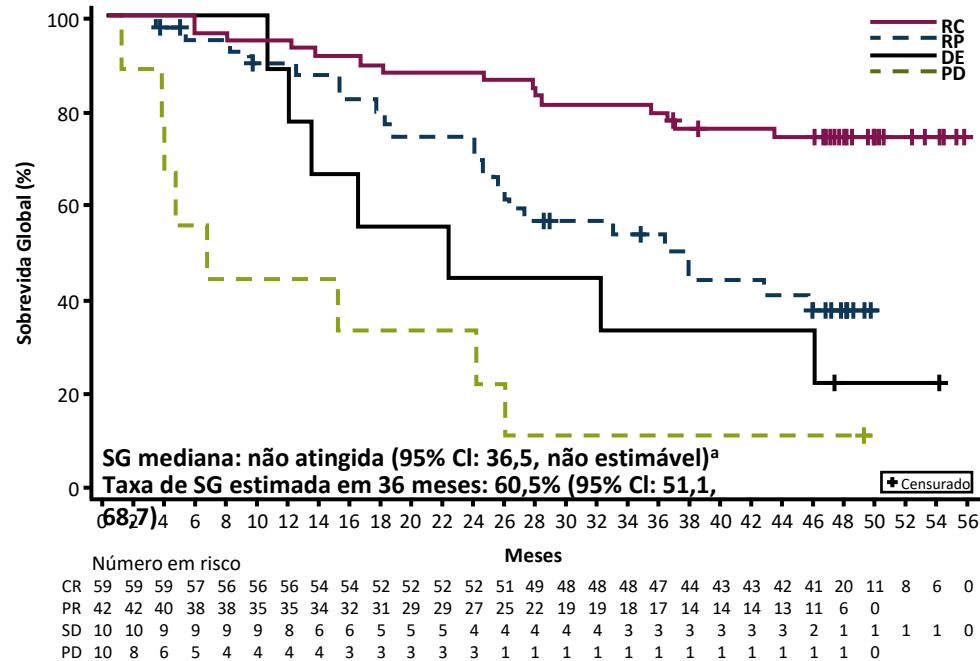
# ACE-LY-004

Mais de um terço dos pacientes estava sem progressão de doença em 36 meses

Sobrevida Livre de Progressão



Sobrevida Global



Med SLP : 22,0 meses (95% CI: 16,6, 33,3)<sup>a</sup>

Med SG : Não atingida -FUP 26M

Taxa de SLP estimada em 36 meses: 37,2% (95% CI: 28,2, 46,1)

. Wang M, et al. Leukemia. 2019;33(11):2762-6.

2. Wang M, et al. Poster presented at: ASH; Dec 5-8, 2020; Poster #2040.

# Atualização 38 Meses ACE-LY-004: Manutenção da Resposta

Todos os pacientes (N=124)				
Desfechos	Seguimento de 26 meses <sup>1</sup>		Seguimento de 38 meses <sup>2</sup>	
	n (%)	95% CI	n (%)	95% CI
TRO <sup>b</sup> (RC + RP)	100 (81)	73, 87	101 (81)	74, 88

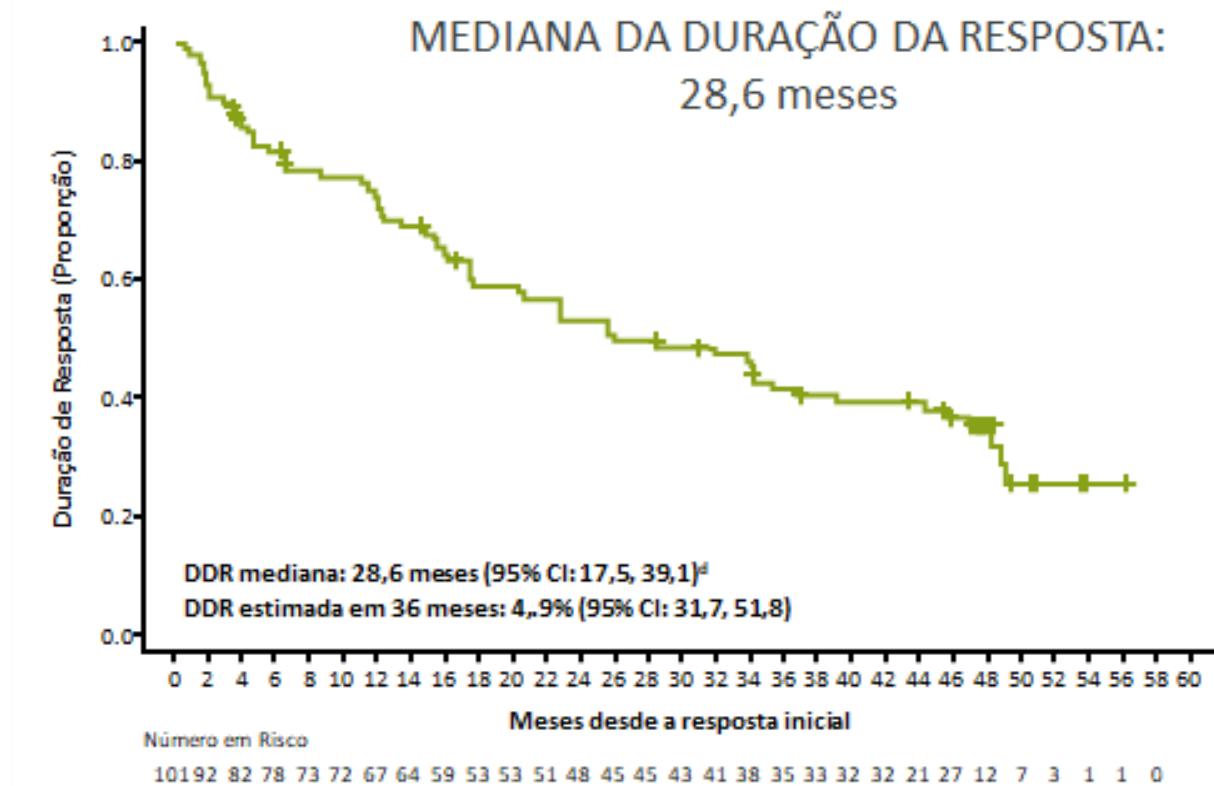
Melhor Resposta				
	RC	RP	DE	PD
RC	53 (43)	34, 52	59 (48)	39, 57
RP	47 (38)	29, 47	42 (34)	26, 43
DE	11 (9)	5, 15	10 (8)	4, 14
PD	10 (8)	4, 14	10 (8)	4, 14
Não avaliável <sup>c</sup>	3 (2)	1, 7	3 (2)	1, 7

MEDIANA DA DURAÇÃO DA RESPOSTA: 28,6 meses

Ki67 < 50%- 36,7 meses



Ki67 ≥ 50%- 15,3 meses



<sup>a</sup>De acordo com a classificação de Lugano. <sup>b</sup>Definido como a proporção de pacientes que alcançaram RP ou melhor de acordo com a classificação de Lugano. <sup>c</sup>Inclui pacientes sem qualquer avaliação adequada da doença pós baseline. <sup>d</sup>DDR mediano no seguimento de 26 meses: 26 meses (IC de 95%: 17,5, não atingido).<sup>1</sup>

DDR: duração de resposta; DE: doença estável; IC: intervalo de confiança; (m): meses; PD: progressão de doença; RC: resposta completa; RP: resposta parcial; TRO: taxa de resposta objetiva.

1. Wang M, et al. Leukemia. 2019;33(11):2762-6. 2. Wang M, et al. Poster presented at: ASH; Dec 5-8, 2020; Virtual Meeting. Poster #2040.



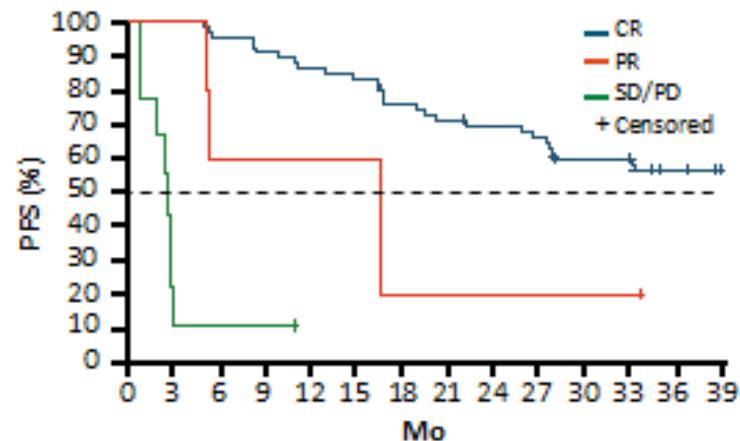
# BGB-3111

## Efficacy

### BGB-3111 Phase II Study Zanubrutinib monotherapy RR MCL

Efficacy Variable (INV Assessed)	N = 86
ORR (CR+PR), % (95% CI)	83.7 (74.2-90.8)
Best response, n (%)	
CR	67 (77.9)
PR	5 (5.8)
SD	1 (1.2)
PD	8 (9.3)
Discontinued before first assessment	5 (5.8)
Median follow-up, mo	30.6
Median DOR, mo (95% CI)	NR (24.9-NE)
Median PFS, mo (95% CI)	33.0 (19.4-NE)
36-mo PFS, % (95% CI)	47.6 (36.2-58.1)
36-mo OS, % (95% CI)	74.8 (63.7-83.0)

PFS

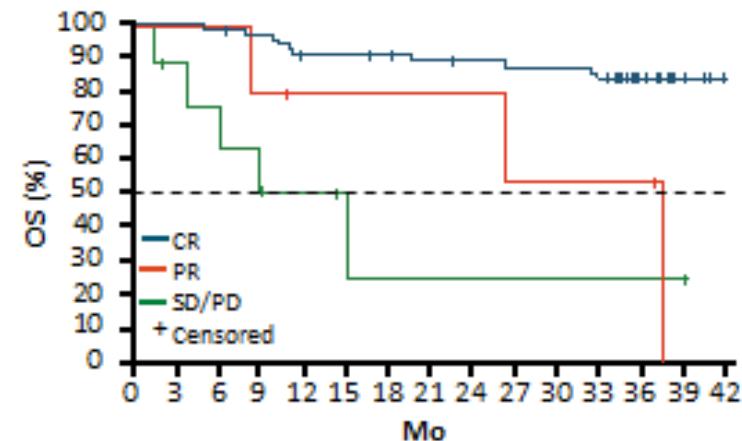


No. of patients at risk

CR	67	67	63	60	57	55	50	47	44	42	37	35	9	0
PR	5	5	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
SD/PD	9	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Median time to response: 2.7m  
45.3% pts continued on treatment  
Median treatment duration: 27.6m

OS



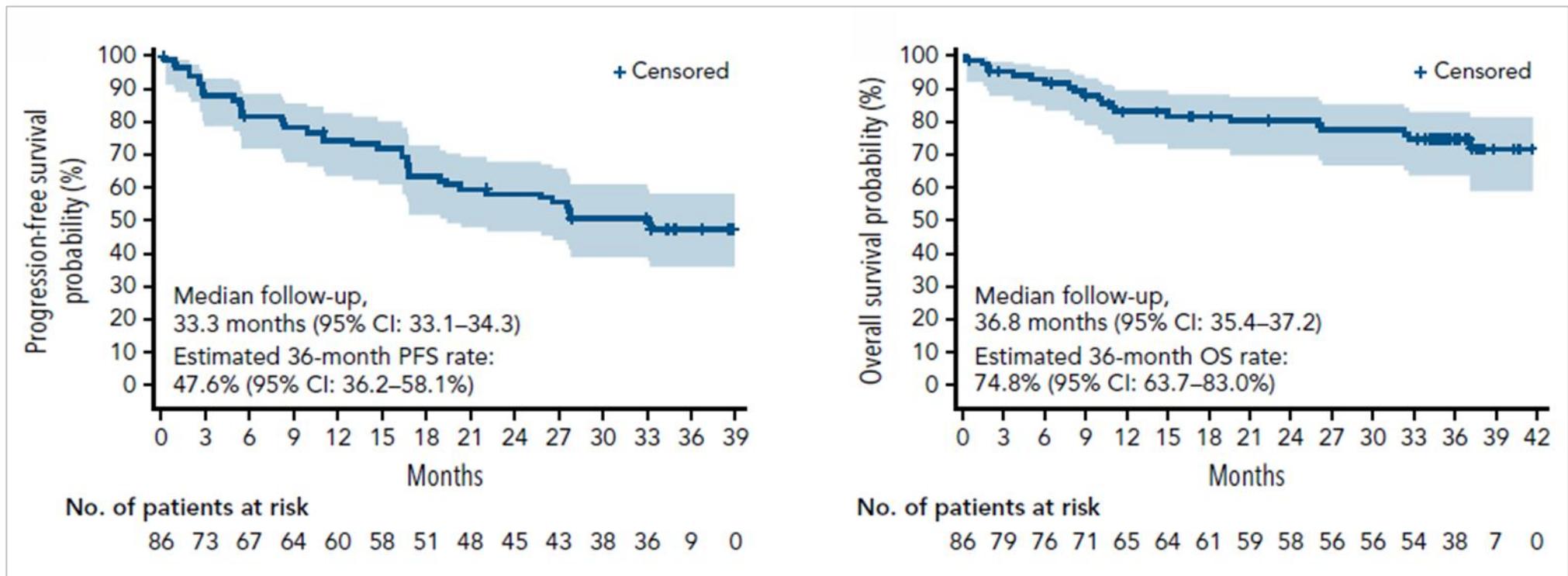
No. of patients at risk

CR	67	67	66	64	59	59	57	55	54	53	53	51	35	7	0
PR	5	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	0
SD/PD	9	7	5	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0

# Zanubrutinib in Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma Treatment

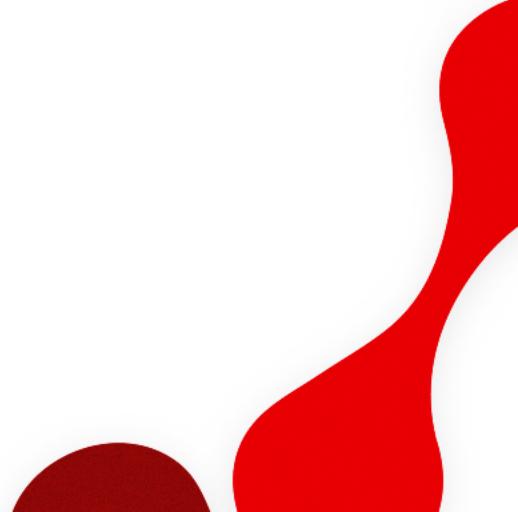
BGB-3111-206<sup>2</sup>

## Efficacy



Kaplan-Meier curves of survival and response analyses. PFS as determined by investigator assessment. Shaded area indicates 95% CI. / OS. Shaded area indicates 95% CI.

AND AFTER cBTKi?



# PIRTOBRUTINIB EFFICACY IN MCL AFTER cBTKi

Does "Kinase Dead" mean that signal transduction is abrogated?

L528 and C481F/R/Y "kinase dead" → prevent the autophosphorylation of BTK (required for BTK kinase activation)

Class	Drug	Binding site	Half-life	Specificity	Toxicity	BTK mutations
First generation	Ibrutinib	Irreversible at C481	Short	Low	Bleeding, cardiac	C481S
Second generation	Acalabrutinib	Irreversible at C481	Short	High	Reduced	C481x, T474x
Next generation	Zanubrutinib	Irreversible at C481	Short	High	Reduced	C481x, L528W
Reversible	Pirtobrutinib	Reversible	Long	Very high	Reduced	T474, L528W, V416L, A428D, M477I, M437R, kinase-dead C481
Reversible	Nemtabrutinib	Reversible	Long	Low	Insufficient information	Not reported

Brown JR, et al. Oral presentation at EHA 2023. Abstract #S146.

BUT **DOES NOT** prevent downstream signal transduction proteins from being activated through phosphorylation.

# PIRTOBRUTINIB EFFICACY IN MCL AFTER COVALENT BTKi

	Ibrutinib (n=59)	Acalabrutinib (n=31)	Zanubrutinib (n=6)
Overall response rate, % (95 CI)	59.3% (45.7-71.9)	58.1% (39.1-75.5)	50.0% (11.8, 88.2)
Best overall response, n (%)			
Complete response	13 (22.0)	5 (16.1)	1 (16.7)
Partial response	22 (37.3)	13 (41.9)	2 (33.3)
Stable disease	7 (11.9)	4 (12.9)	2 (33.3)
Progressive disease	11 (18.6)	4 (12.9)	1 (16.7)
Not evaluable <sup>a</sup>	6 (10.2)	5 (16.1)	0
Duration of response			
Patients with a response, n	35	18	3
Patients with censored data, n (%)	24 (68.6)	8 (44.4)	3 (100.0)
Median duration of response, mo (95% CI)	NR (7.46-NR)	6.93 (3.22-NR)	NR (NR-NR)
Median follow-up, mo	11.93	8.21	5.78

WANG'S DISCUSSION:

Notably, similar efficacy was observed in patients previously treated with ibrutinib, acalabrutinib, or zanubrutinib.

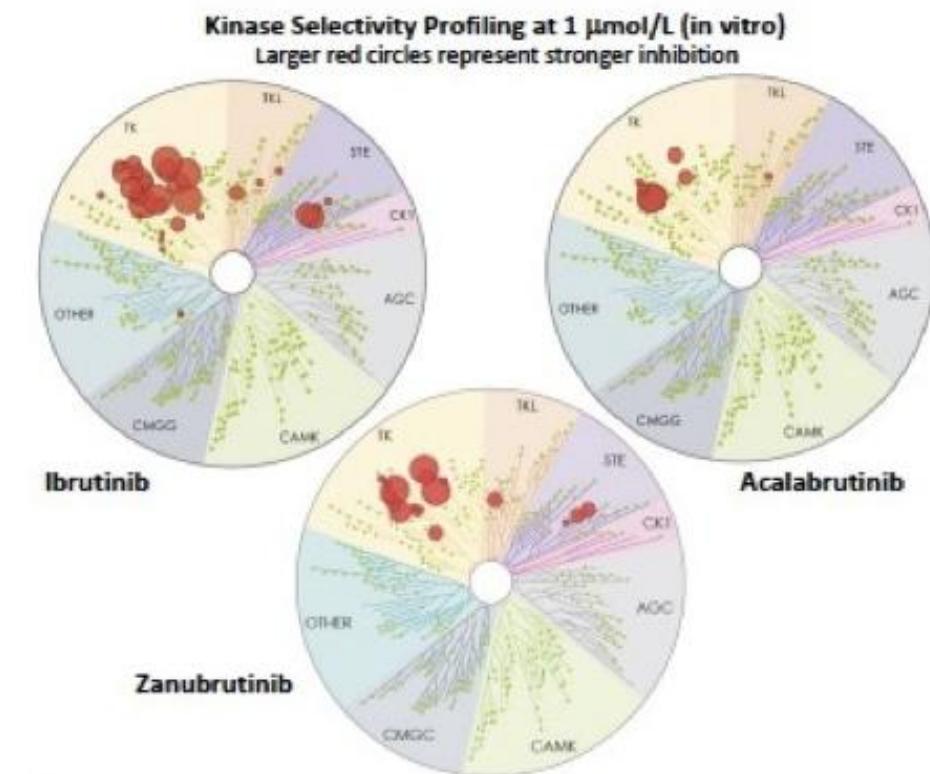
Wang ML, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2023

# HOW TO CHOOSE THE cBTKI MONOTHERAPY FOR 2nd LINE?

- EFFICACY SIMILAR
- ESPECIFICITY FOR BTK
- SAFETY
- SPECIFIC PATTERN OF TOXICITY FOR EACH DRUG

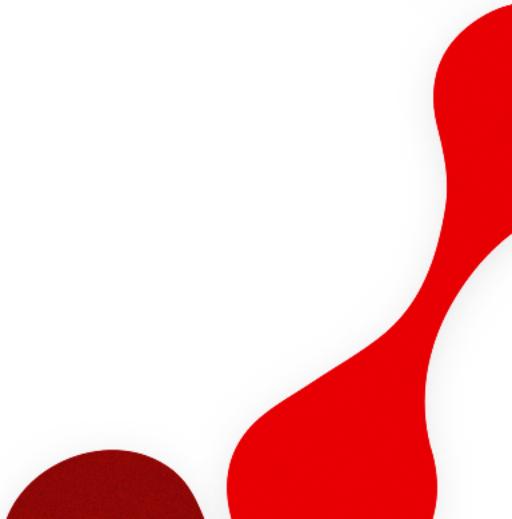
# BTKi Safety peculiarities

Adverse events	Cell type	Kinase	Ibrutinib	Acalabrutinib	Zanubrutinib
Infection	B-lymphocyte	BTK TEC	+	+	+
	T-lymphocyte	ITK TEC	+	n.i.	+
		RLK/TXK	+	n.i.	+
	Macrophage Neutrophil	BTK TEC	+	+	+
	Thrombocyte	BTK TEC*	+	+	+
				n.i.	+
** Bleeding	Cardiomyocyte	HER2 HER4 TEC*	+	n.i.	n.i.
				n.i.	+
minor bleeding					
Atrial fibrillation			frequent	less frequent	rare



Jpers Med 2021. K Lewis. Imagem: Adapted from Estupiñán, 2021.

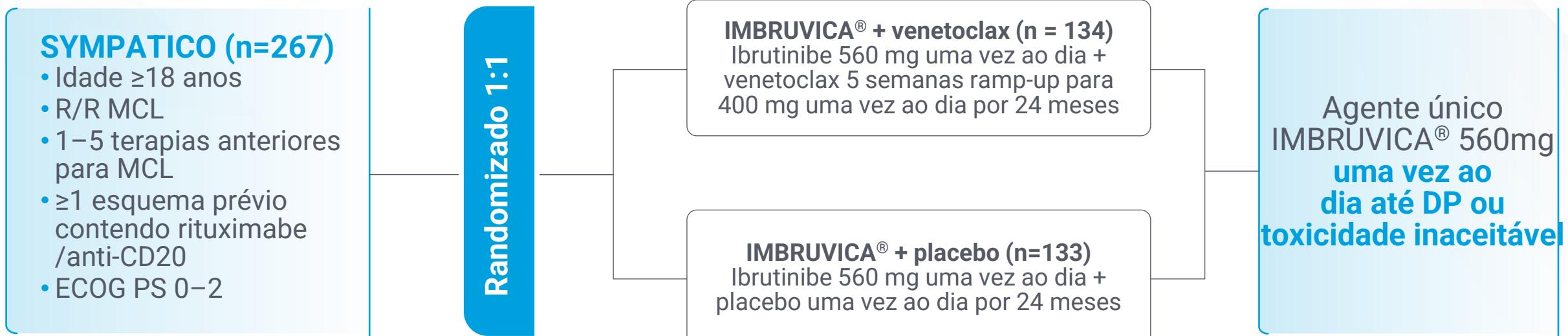
# WHAT ABOUT COMBINATIONS?



# DESENHO DO ESTUDO<sup>1</sup>

SYMPATICO (NCT03112174)

Um estudo multinacional, randomizado, duplo-cego, controlado por placebo, de fase 3



Estratificação: ECOG PS, linhas anteriores de terapia, risco de TLS<sup>a</sup>

## Endpoints Primário

- Sobrevida Livre de Progressão (SLP) por avaliação do investigador usando critérios de Lugano



## Endpoints secundários

- Taxa de resposta completa (RC) avaliada pelo investigador
- Tempo até o próximo tratamento
- Sobrevida Global (SG)
- Taxa de resposta global (TRG) avaliada pelo investigador

Adaptado de: Wang M, et al. Blood.2023;142(Suppl.2):LBA-2

1. Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2);LBA-2

# ■ POSOLOGIA I+V EM LCM R/R<sup>1</sup>

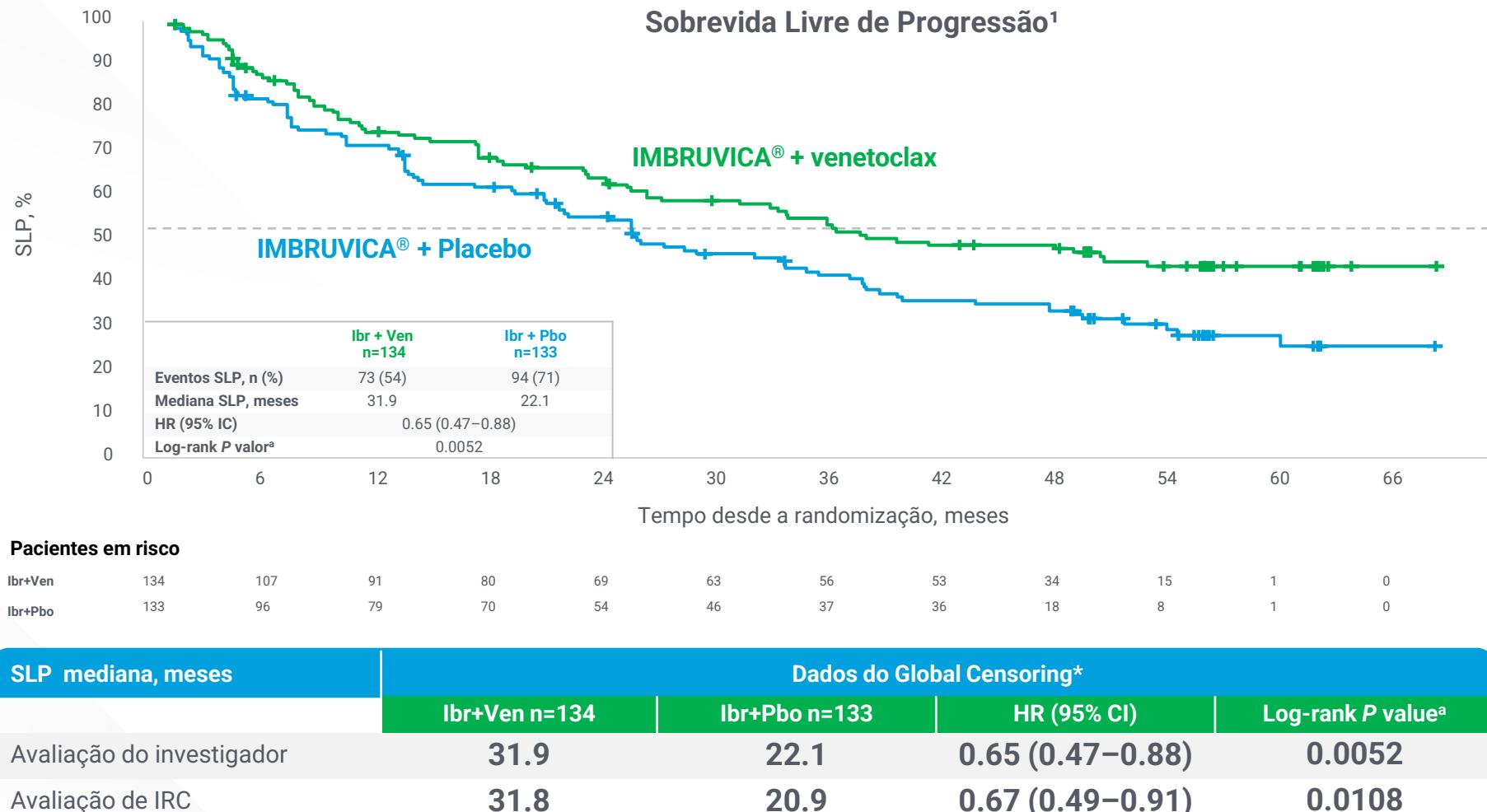


\*Até progressão de doença ou toxicidade inaceitável

Adaptado de: Wang M. et al Blood. 2023;142(Suppl.2):LBA-2

Referência: 1. Kater AP, et al. Fixed-Duration Ibrutinib-Venetoclax in Patients with Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia and Comorbidities. NEJM Evidence. 2022; doi:10.1056/EVIDoa2200006. 2; Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2);LBA-2

# SOBREVIDA LIVRE DE PROGRESSÃO<sup>1</sup>



mSLP = 31,9 meses

IMBRUVICA® + venetoclax aumentou em quase **10 meses** a SLP quando comparado a monoterapia independente do perfil do paciente

Adaptado de: Wang M, et al. Blood.2023;142(Suppl.2):LBA-2.

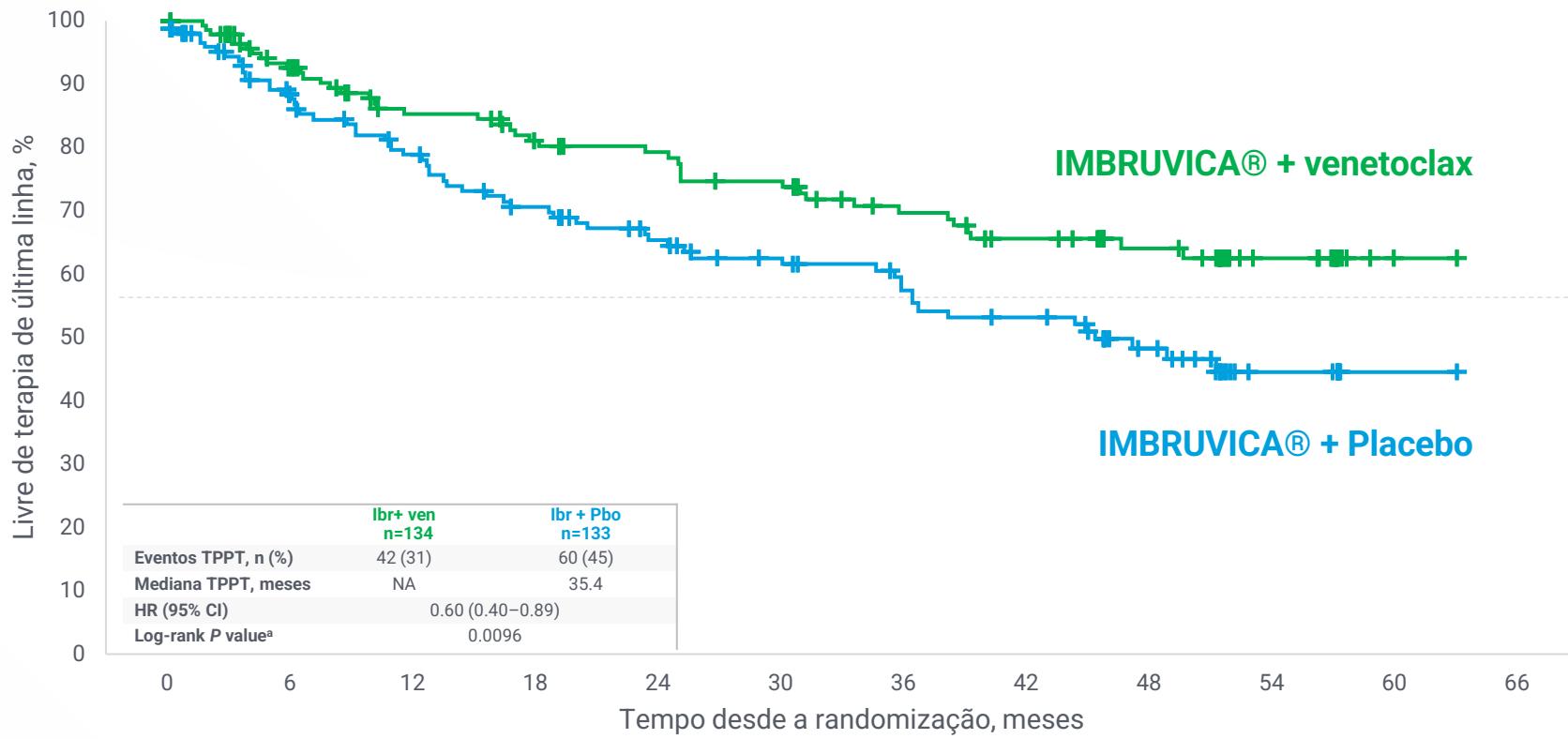
HR, Taxa de risco Ibr, ibrutinibe; Pbo, placebo; Ven, venetoclax

a. Os valores de P foram determinados pelo teste log-rank estratificado (fatores de estratificação: linhas anteriores de terapia [1–2 vs ≥3] e categoria de risco TLS [risco baixo vs aumentado])

\*Método Global Censoring : at last non-PD assessment for patients without PD or death

1. Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2);LBA-2

# TEMPO PARA O PRÓXIMO TRATAMENTO<sup>1</sup>



## Pacientes em risco

Ibr+Ven	134	107	92	82	76	65	59	52	35	16	1	0
Ibr+Pbo	133	96	83	71	58	50	42	39	20	8	1	0

Adaptado de: Wang M, et al. Blood. 2023;142(Suppl.2):LBA-2  
NA, não alcançado.

a. Os valores de aP foram determinados pelo teste de log-rank estratificado (fatores de estratificação: linhas anteriores de terapia [1–2 vs ≥3] e categoria de risco TLS [risco baixo vs aumentado]).

1. Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2);LBA-2

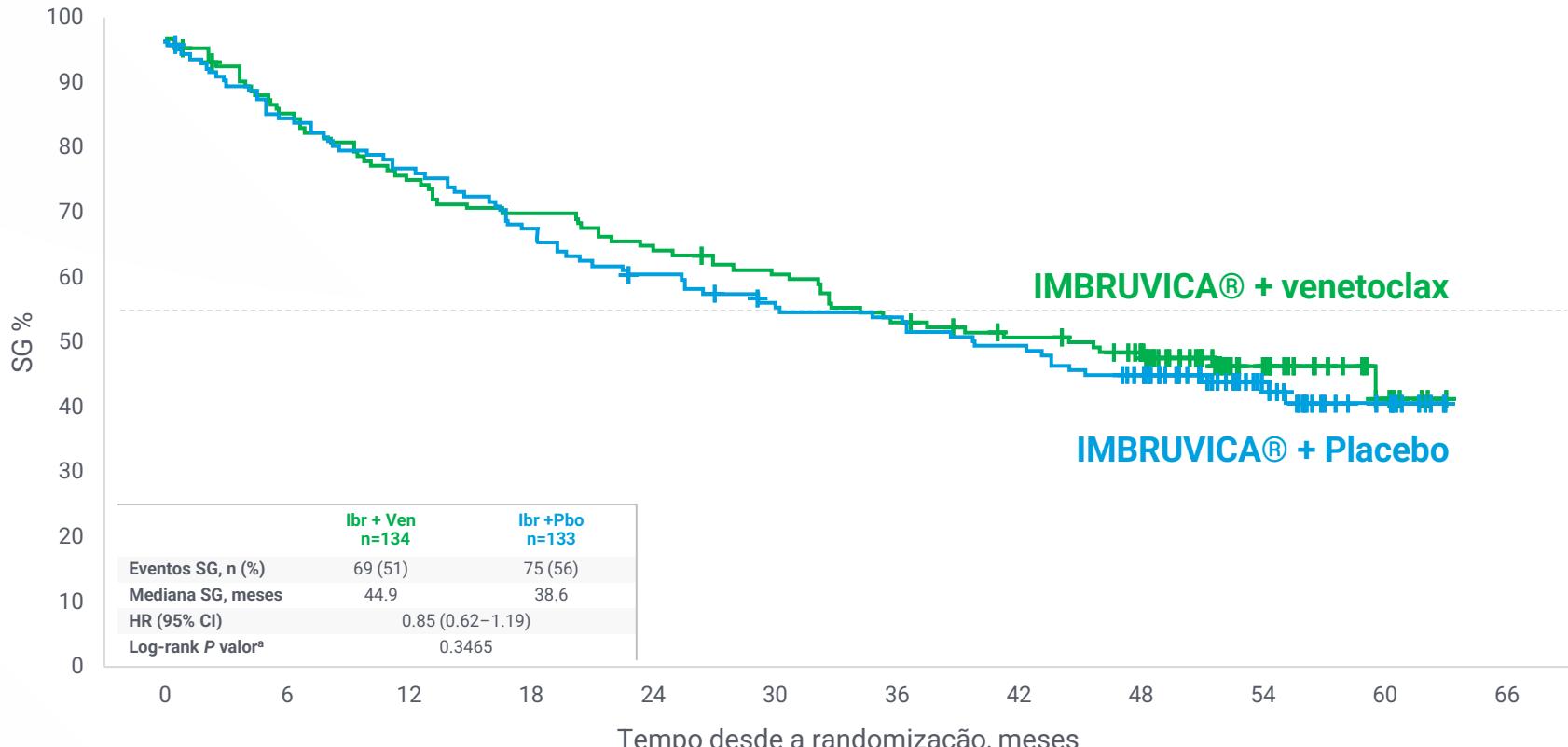


Em 51.2 meses a  
mediana de TPPT  
não foi atingida<sup>1</sup>



IMBRUVICA®  
+ venetoclax  
proporcionou  
uma redução de 40%  
do risco de  
necessidade de um  
próximo tratamento<sup>1</sup>

# SOBREVIDA GLOBAL<sup>1</sup>



## Pacientes em risco

Ibr+Ven	134	116	102	95	87	81	70	65	48	20	3	0
Ibr+Pbo	133	115	103	88	80	70	66	61	46	20	4	0

Adaptado de: Wang M, et al. Blood. 2023;142(Suppl.2):LBA-2  
HR, Taxa de risco Ibr, ibrutinibe; Pbo, placebo; Ven, venetoclax

a. Os valores de P foram determinados pelo teste log-rank estratificado (fatores de estratificação: linhas de terapia anteriores [1–2 vs ≥3] e categoria de risco de SLT [risco baixo vs aumentado]).

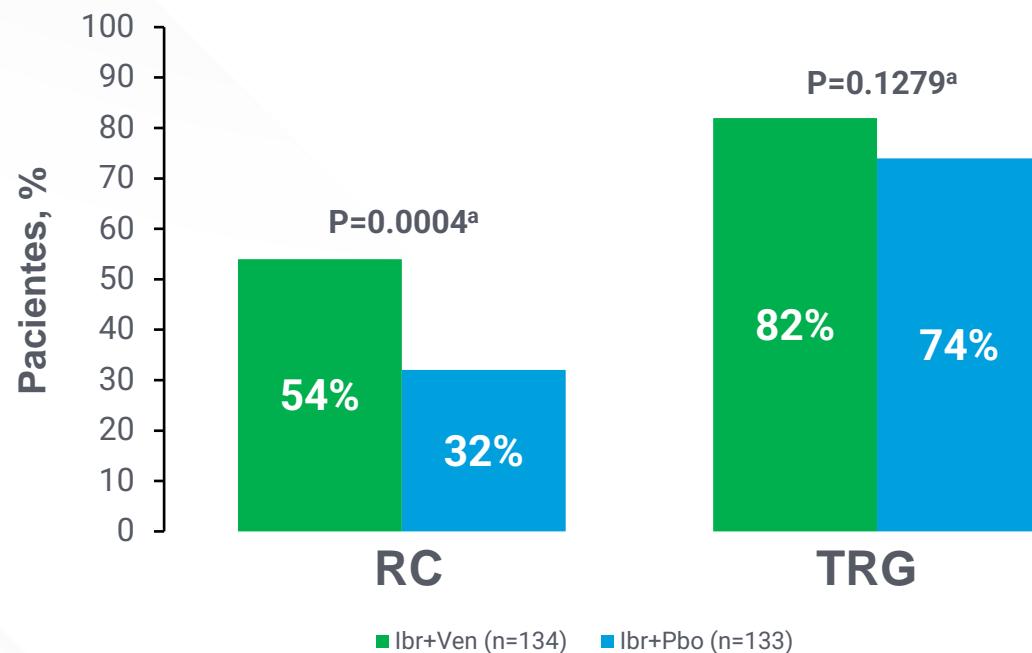
1. Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2);LBA-2



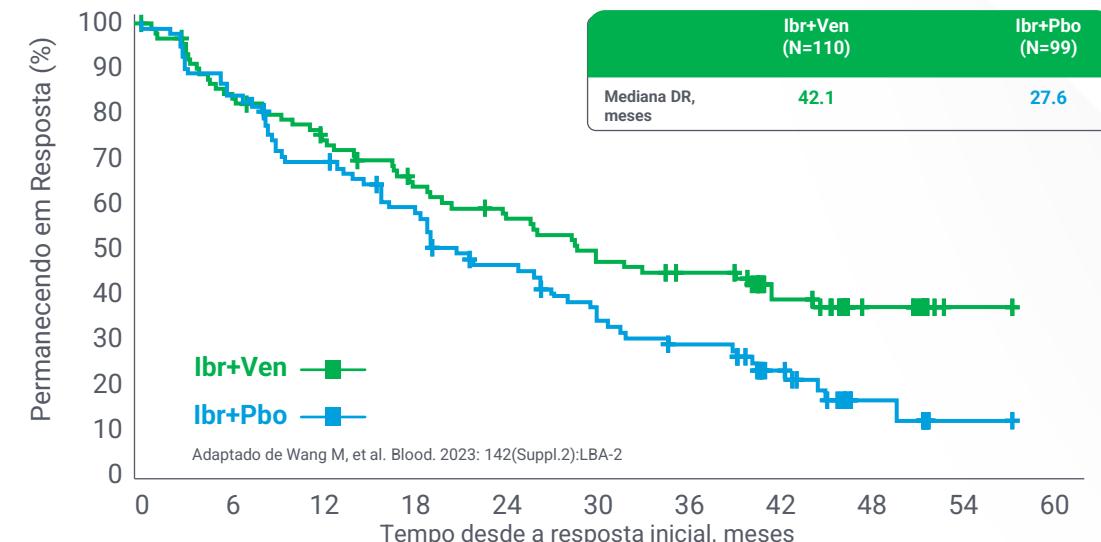
No tempo de seguimento do estudo **não foi observada diferença estatisticamente significativa na SG** de pacientes com LCM tratados com I+V vs braço comparador<sup>1</sup>

# TAXA DE RESPOSTA PROFUNDAS E DURADOURAS<sup>1</sup>

## Taxa de resposta



## Duração da resposta<sup>b</sup>



## Pacientes em risco

1 LTP	110	93	83	72	66	58	52	37	15	1	0
>1 LTP	99	85	72	62	50	42	35	22	8	1	0



As taxas de resposta completa foram de **22% maiores** em pacientes com uso de I+V<sup>1</sup>



**Respostas duradouras** com o uso de IMBRUVICA® + venetoclax<sup>1</sup>

Os valores de a P foram determinados pelo teste de log-rank estratificado (fatores de estratificação: linhas anteriores de terapia [1–2 vs ≥3] e categoria de risco TLS [risco baixo vs aumentado]).

1. Wang M, Jurczak W, Trneny M, et all. Ibrutinib combined With Venetoclax in patients with Relapsed/Refractory Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Primary Analysis Results from the Randomized Phase 3 Sympatico Study. Blood. 2023;142 (suppl2):LBA-2

# Phase 1b/2 Study of Venetoclax, Ibrutinib, Prednisone, Obinutuzumab, and Lenalidomide (ViPOR) in Relapsed/Refractory and Treatment-Naïve Mantle Cell Lymphoma: Preliminary Analysis of Safety, Efficacy, and Minimal Residual Disease

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## CONCLUSÕES

- New drugs made a revolution  
BUT  
Mantle cell lymphoma isn't CLL....

## CONCLUSIONS

- Prepare your patient for a relapse
  - Use better drugs early!
  - Always think ahead!

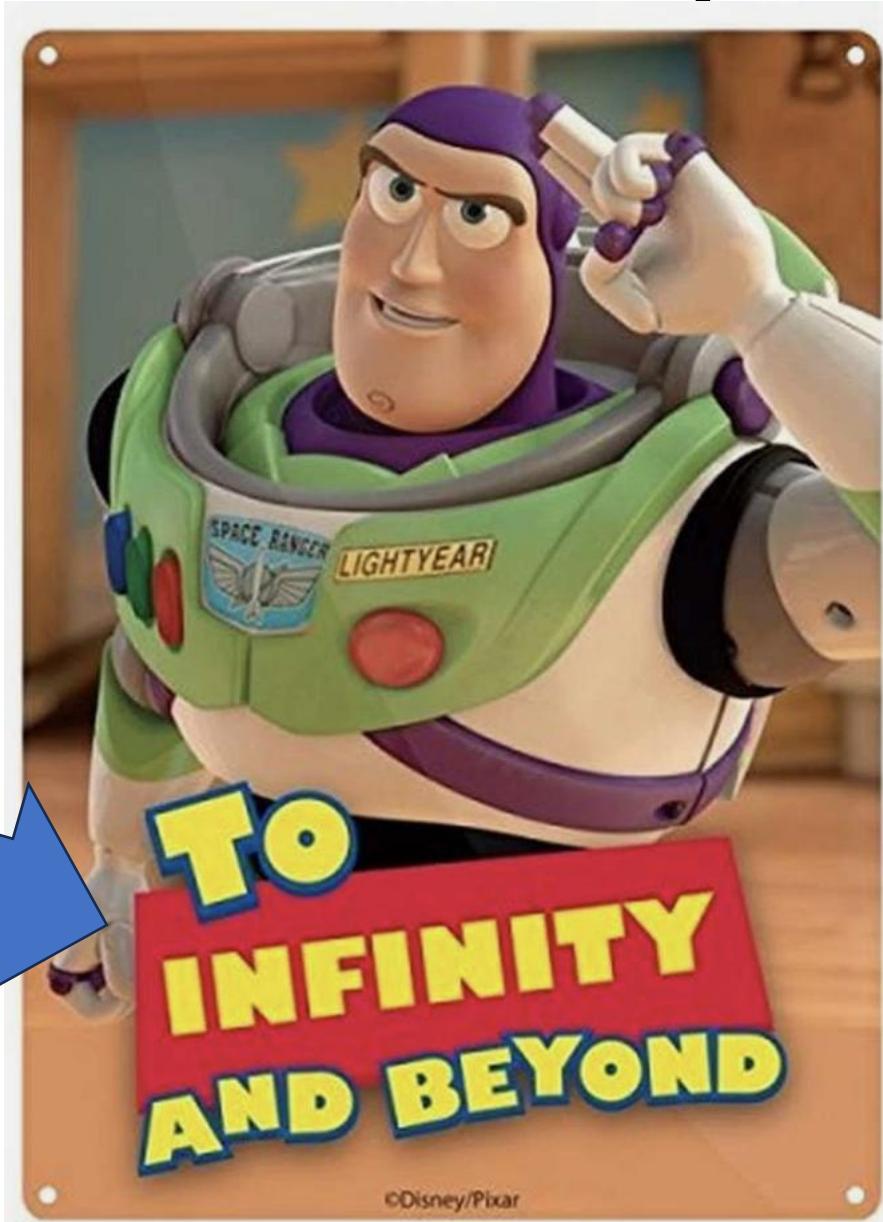
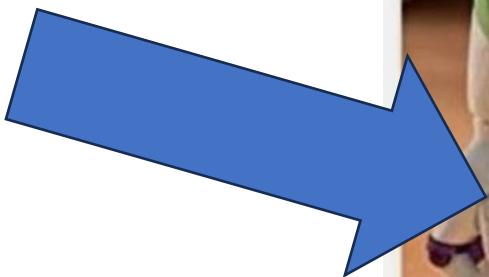
A marathon, not a 100 m run....

*(suggestion: keep an HLA matched donor in your pocket!!)*

***LET'S LOOK FORWARD AND WORK HARD TO  
FIND THE CURE!!***

***Meanwhile...***

# Obrigada! Gracias! Thank you!



CONFIRA O CONTEÚDO ATUALIZADO  
**MOC-Hemato 2024**



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